ISG Provider Lens

Cybersecurity – Solutions and Services

Technical Security Services

A research report comparing provider strengths, challenges, and competitive differentiators



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Executive Summary

Report Author: Phil Hassey

The U.S public sector needs to have proactive management to handle cyber threats

Research by Comparitech shows that the total cost of data breaches faced by the U.S. government in 2022 was \$26 billion. This amount could have been spent on education, healthcare, defense or justice if cyberattacks were managed well. The research shows that such attacks impact approximately two-thirds of U.S. citizens. The downtime for a breach in local government was five months. In terms of the attack targets, the top five states are Texas, Georgia, California, Florida and Pennsylvania.

The cost and impact of cyberattacks are increasing in both public and private sectors globally. Hence, the U.S. government is increasing its focus on effectively managing cybersecurity issues. However, legislative and regulatory responses to such threats must be accelerated.

Federal government issues are crucial; the U.S. federal government is the most prominent target globally for apparent reasons. Despite having a low profile, state, local and education (SLED) agencies are still threat targets. As a result of this, stakeholder education, investment and capability need to improve. ISG has identified successful examples of agencies leveraging a broad range of provider solutions targeting the sector. Some providers can offer a wide scope of product and service-based solutions, while others have narrower but specific capabilities. Nevertheless, they all play a part in providing solution portfolios to be integrated by clients.

Apart from the apparent threat issues, a broad set of technology and provider trends impact the market's characteristics.

Government agencies continue investing in cloud solutions across their application, infrastructure and business requirements. As a result, there is an increased need for robust and consistent cloud security measures to prevent data from being accessed by the wrong party.

Leveraging AI-based tools is driving the successful response to security threats

Executive Summary

Cloud providers are increasingly engaged in this, with integrated offerings from significant hyperscalers becoming increasingly visible with each release. This will only continue as agencies and their enterprise counterparts realize where the responsibility lies for security, data backup and recovery.

In volume, 2022 saw a reduction in ransomware attacks bucking a growing trend. However, they remain a major threat. Ransomware attacks are increasingly sophisticated, posing an ongoing and significant threat to public sector organizations. This has increased investment in ransomware protection measures, such as data backup and recovery strategies. It has also led to legislative changes, with states including North Carolina and Florida introducing legislation that banned government entities' payment of ransom money.

External ransomware attacks, state-based hacking and other high-profile issues sometimes gain attention; the always underrated security threat is from within. In some cases, this activity is nefarious, and in other instances, it is just a user error resulting from ignorance, poor training or simple carelessness. It still presents

significant issues, so there is an increased role for training, access control development and consistency, along with monitoring capabilities. It is worth noting the connection between technology security and physical security. Agencies that leave doors unlocked and do not manage access passes are likelier to be vulnerable in their technology security. This is due to the simple fact that attitude toward security is critical. Any lax approaches in either realm will inevitably spill over.

Al has become a high-profile application of technology. This has built up over several years, but from the consumer or employer perspective, the actual use of Al has become fundamental in consumer tools such as our suggested viewing on Netflix, listening on Spotify, and shopping on Amazon. ChatGPT has burst out of the blocks, making generative Al the buzzword of 2023 to date, with substantial uncertainty over the technology's positive benefits and adverse outcomes. From a security point of view, Al and ML are central in applications across the spectrum of technology and security requirements. It is most pertinent in datasets with strongly structured data levels;

hence, threat protection is paramount. Many vendors are building out capabilities, and it is reasonable to assume that these will quickly become attractive to government agencies in the U.S. and globally.

We have identified that zero trust is becoming a fundamental approach for agencies and more than a perimeter-based approach is needed. This is a complex migration for some, particularly in a world of diverse devices mixed between the company and privately owned. Still, it is essential, and strong identity management tools help enable the IAM tools to be a mechanism for zero-trust.

Ownership of security within the government agency is a real challenge. Each agency has a different structure depending on its services, location, size and scale, but the bottom line is that the head of the agency or university must consider investments and outcomes of cybersecurity under their range of responsibilities. A chief information security officer (CISO), if they exist, cannot operate in isolation. Some agencies and their private sector counterparts risk delineating data between internal and external (or customer)

data. Cybersecurity risks are too high to have this fragmented approach. Training requirements must be prioritized more explicitly across all levels of the organization; as highlighted, humans are the source of error on so many occasions.

From the vendor perspective, every year is different for security. 2023 is continuing in this vein. XDR and other technologies, such as IAM, are rapidly evolving, and cloud-based and edge/ IoT-based tools are accelerating. As highlighted, this growth comes from prominent established vendors, well-funded start-ups and services companies. Consolidation continues to happen across all offerings. Some service companies consider acquiring product companies to boost engagement and capabilities, while others seek to broaden services. In some respects, the U.S. government is not directly involved, as accessing the enterprise client base is the primary acquisition driver. However, it is still relevant, and activity is swirling around government-focused solutions and service providers.

Executive Summary

For government buyers of security technology, there are three key takeaways.

- Education and employee awareness of the holistic requirements for security, from locking the front door to adhering to password protocols, must be met.
- Investment in solutions driven by analytics, Al and ML at the core to improve threat detection and risk management.
- 3. Leadership from the highest level of the agency down to the newest employee has to be embedded. Leaders must prioritize the issue and invest appropriately, and all employees must understand their role in keeping their agency or institution safe.

The U.S. public sector is a prime global target for bad actors in the cybersecurity space.

A response to this threat requires an integrated approach across a range of cutting-edge technology products and solutions to ensure that citizens, government and businesses can be assured that their data is safe.





Provider Positioning

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	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
Accenture	Not In	Not In	Not In	Leader	Leader	Leader
ActioNet	Not In	Not In	Not In	Contender	Product Challenger	Contender
AT&T Cybersecurity	Not In	Not In	Not In	Contender	Contender	Product Challenger
Avatier	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
AWS	Market Challenger	Market Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Beta Systems	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Broadcom	Leader	Leader	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In
Capgemini	Not In	Not In	Not In	Leader	Leader	Leader
Cato Networks	Not In	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In
CGI	Not In	Not In	Not In	Market Challenger	Market Challenger	Market Challenger



Provider Positioning

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	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
Check Point	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Cisco	Not In	Market Challenger	Leader	Not In	Not In	Market Challenger
Cloudflare	Not In	Not In	Market Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In
CrowdStrike	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
CyberArk	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Cybereason	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Deloitte	Not In	Not In	Not In	Leader	Leader	Leader
DXC Technology	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Product Challenger	Product Challenger
Elastic Security	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Ericom Software	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In



Provider Positioning

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	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
eSentire	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Eviden (Atos)	Leader	Not In	Not In	Leader	Leader	Product Challenger
EY	Not In	Not In	Not In	Leader	Leader	Leader
Fidelis Cybersecurity	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Forcepoint	Not In	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In
ForgeRock	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Fortinet	Market Challenger	Leader	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In
Fortra	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Fujitsu	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Contender	Contender
FusionAuth	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In



Provider Positioning

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	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
Hashicorp	Market Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
HCLTech	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Leader	Leader
HPE (Aruba)	Not In	Not In	Rising Star 🛨	Not In	Not In	Not In
IBM	Leader	Leader	Not In	Leader	Leader	Leader
iboss	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In
Infinite Networks	Not In	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In
Infosys	Not In	Not In	Not In	Leader	Leader	Leader
KPMG	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Leader	Rising Star ★
Kudelski Security	Not In	Not In	Not In	Contender	Contender	Not In
Leidos	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Leader	Product Challenger



Provider Positioning

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	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
Lookout	Not In	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In
ManageEngine	Leader	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Mandiant	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Microsoft	Leader	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Netskope	Not In	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In
NetWitness	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Nok Nok Labs	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
NTT DATA	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Product Challenger	Product Challenger
Okta	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
One Identity (OneLogin)	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In



Provider Positioning

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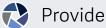
	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
Open Systems	Not In	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In
OpenText	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Palo Alto Networks	Not In	Leader	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In
Perimeter 81	Not In	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In
Ping Identity	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Proofpoint	Not In	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In
Rapid7	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
RSA	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
SailPoint	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Saviynt	Rising Star 🛨	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In



Provider Positioning

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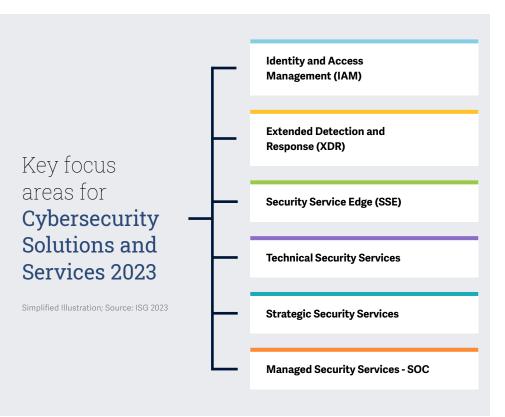
	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
Secureworks	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
SentinelOne	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
SilverSky	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Skyhigh Security	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In
Sophos	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
TCS	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Product Challenger	Product Challenger
Tech Mahindra	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Contender	Product Challenger
Trellix	Not In	Product Challenger	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Trend Micro	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In
Trustwave	Not In	Not In	Not In	Not In	Product Challenger	Product Challenger



Provider Positioning

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	Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Extended Detection and Response (XDR)	Security Service Edge (SSE)	Technical Security Services	Strategic Security Services	Managed Security Services - SOC
Unisys	Not In	Not In	Not In	Leader	Market Challenger	Leader
Verizon Business	Not In	Not In	Not In	Leader	Market Challenger	Leader
Versa Networks	Not In	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In
VMware	Not In	Leader	Contender	Not In	Not In	Not In
Wipro	Not In	Not In	Not In	Rising Star 🛨	Product Challenger	Product Challenger
Zensar	Not In	Not In	Not In	Contender	Not In	Not In
Zscaler	Not In	Not In	Leader	Not In	Not In	Not In



Definition

The year 2022 could be termed as tumultuous from a cybersecurity perspective; although there was a decrease in data breach incidents, the year saw significantly increased sophistication and severity in the attacks. In 2022, enterprises increased their investment in cybersecurity and prioritized relevant initiatives to prevent attacks and improve their security posture. The continued learnings from the 2021 attacks led to executives and businesses of all sizes and across industries investing in measures to respond to and survive cybersecurity threats and cyberattacks.

From an enterprise perspective, even small businesses understood the impact of cyber threats and realized that they are actively targeted and are highly vulnerable to cyberattacks. This reinforced the need for (managed) security services and cyber resiliency services that would enable businesses to recover and resume operations quickly after a cyber incident. Service providers and vendors are, therefore, offering services and solutions that help in recovery and business continuity.

From the perspective of the cybercriminals, they began exploiting large-scale vulnerabilities, such as Log4shell, and continued using ransomware to disrupt business activities, specifically targeting healthcare, supply chain and public sector services.

These prompted businesses to invest in capabilities such as identity and access management (IAM), managed detection and response (MDR) and securing cloud and endpoints. The market is shifting toward integrated solutions, such and extended detection and response (XDR), which leverage the best tools and human expertise and are augmented with behavioral and contextual intelligence and automation to deliver a superior security posture.



Introduction

Scope of the Report

In this ISG Provider Lens™ quadrant report, ISG covers the following 6 (number of quadrants) quadrants for services/solutions: Identity and Access Management (IAM), Extended Detection and Response (XDR), Security Service Edge (SSE), Technical Security Services, Strategic Security Services, and Managed Security Services - SOC

Vendors offering Security Service Edge (SSE) solutions are analyzed and positioned from a global perspective, rather than by individual regions, as the market is yet in the early stages of maturity.

This ISG Provider Lens™ study offers IT decision-makers with the following:

- Transparency on the strengths and weaknesses of relevant providers/ software vendors
- A differentiated positioning of providers by segments (quadrants)
- Focus on the U.S. public sector market

Our study serves as the basis for important decision-making in terms of positioning, key relationships, and go-to-market considerations. ISG advisors and enterprise clients also use information from these reports to evaluate their existing vendor relationships and potential engagements.

Provider Classifications

The provider position reflects the suitability of IT providers for a defined market segment (quadrant), Without further additions, the position always applies to all company sizes classes and industries. In case the IT service requirements from enterprise customers differ and the spectrum of IT providers operating in the local market is sufficiently wide, a further differentiation of the IT providers by performance is made according to the target group for products and services. In doing so, ISG either considers the industry requirements or the number of employees, as well as the corporate structures of customers and positions IT providers according to their focus area. As a result, ISG differentiates them, if necessary, into two client target groups that are defined as follows:

- Midmarket: Companies with 100 to 4,999 employees or revenues between \$20 million and \$999 million with central headquarters in the respective country, usually privately owned.
- Large Accounts: Multinational companies with more than 5,000 employees or revenue above \$1 billion, with activities worldwide and globally distributed decision-making structures.

The ISG Provider Lens™ quadrants are created using an evaluation matrix containing four segments (Leader, Product Challenger, Market Challenger and Contender), and the providers are positioned accordingly. Each ISG Provider Lens™ quadrant may include service providers that ISG believes have strong potential to move into the Leader quadrant. This type of provider can be classified as a Rising Star.

• Number of providers in each quadrant: ISG rates and positions the most relevant providers according to the scope of the report for each quadrant and limits the maximum of providers per quadrant to 25 (exceptions are possible).

Introduction



Provider Classifications: Quadrant Key

Product Challengers offer a product and service portfolio that reflect excellent service and technology stacks. These providers and vendors deliver an unmatched broad and deep range of capabilities. They show evidence of investing to enhance their market presence and competitive strengths.

Leaders have a comprehensive product and service offering, a strong market presence and established competitive position. The product portfolios and competitive strategies of Leaders are strongly positioned to win business in the markets covered by the study. The Leaders also represent innovative strength and competitive stability.

Contenders offer services and products meeting the evaluation criteria that qualifies them to be included in the IPL quadrant. These evidence of rapidly investing in products/ services and a follow sensible market approach with a goal of becoming a Product or Market Challenger within 12 to 18 months.

Market Challengers have a strong presence in the market and offer a significant edge over other vendors and providers based on competitive strength. Often, Market Challengers are the established and well-known vendors in the regions or vertical markets covered in the study.

* Rising Stars have promising portfolios or the market experience to become a Leader, including the required roadmap and adequate focus on key market trends and customer requirements. Rising Stars also have excellent management and understanding of the local market in the studied region. These vendors and service providers give evidence of significant progress toward their goals in the last 12 months. ISG expects Rising Stars to reach the Leader quadrant within the next 12 to 24 months if they continue their delivery of above-average market impact and strength of innovation.

Not in means the service provider or vendor was not included in this reasons for this designation: company; the company does or solution as defined for each quadrant of a study; or the company for the study quadrant. Omission from the quadrant does not imply does not offer or plan to offer this



Who Should Read This Section

This report is relevant to government and federal agencies in the U.S. public sector for evaluating technical security service (TSS) providers that specialize in implementing and integrating security products or solutions. It focuses on providers that integrate solutions offered by other vendors in addition to their proprietary products.

In this quadrant, ISG defines the current market positioning of TSS providers and highlights how each provider addresses key security challenges.

The increased use of technology and rapid incorporation of security measures have resulted in accelerated demand for TSS in the U.S. public sector. TSS providers help public sector organizations select, implement and optimize the right security solutions or platforms to safeguard their systems and data. They also collaborate with other security service providers to ensure a comprehensive and coordinated approach to cybersecurity.

Cloud security has become a crucial security component owing to a significant increase in cloud adoption that has spiked the demand for cloud-native application protection. IAM solution implementations are rising as IAM is an essential component of modern governance and is required for multifactor authentication (MFA) and ZTA, enabling citizens to access government services securely. Providers also help federal and state agencies integrate OT security with their overall cybersecurity strategy, ensuring that the OT systems align with broader security objectives. There is also a massive demand for implementing EDR solutions among enterprises to detect and contain incidents at endpoints and provide quick remediation.



Technology professionals should read this report to understand providers' integration capabilities that help reduce threat impact using advanced technologies to transform legacy systems.

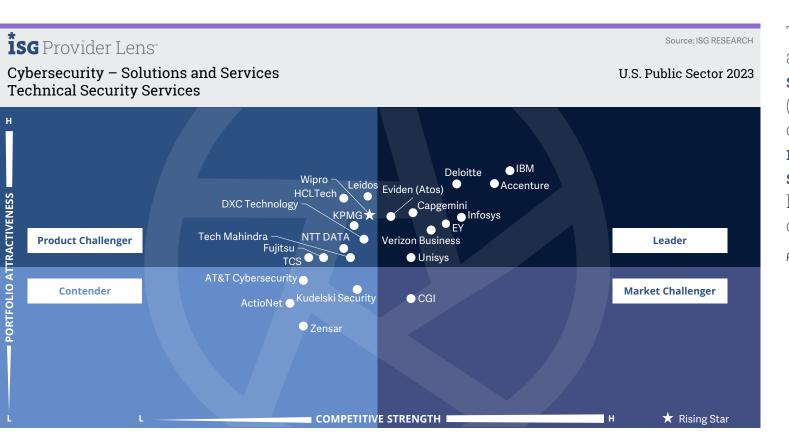


Business professionals should read this report to balance data security, customer experience and privacy amidst digital transformation at the forefront of businesses today.



Security and data professionals should read this report to gain insights into how providers comply with security and data protection laws to stay updated with market trends.





This quadrant assesses technical security service (TSS) providers that offer integration, maintenance, and support services for IT security products or solutions.

Phil Hassey

Definition

The Technical Security Services (TSS) providers assessed for this quadrant cover integration, maintenance, and support for both IT and operational technology (OT) security products or solutions. They also offer DevSecOps services. TSS addresses all security products, including antivirus, cloud, and data center security, IAM, DLP, network security, endpoint security, unified threat management (UTM), OT security, SASE, and others.

TSS providers offer standardized playbooks and roadmaps that aid in transforming an existing security environment with best-of-breed tools and technologies, improving security posture, and reducing threat impact. Their portfolios are designed to enable the complete or individual transformation of an existing security architecture with relevant products across domains such as networks, cloud, workplace, OT, IAM, data privacy and protection, risk and compliance management and SASE, among others. The offerings also include product or solution identification,

assessment, design and development, implementation, validation, penetration testing, integration, and deployment. The providers also leverage sophisticated solutions that enable comprehensive vulnerability scanning across applications, networks, endpoints, and individual users to uncover weaknesses and mitigate external and internal threats.

TSS providers invest in establishing partnerships across security technology, cloud, data, and network domains to gain specialized accreditations and expand the scope of their work and portfolios. This quadrant also encompasses classic managed security services, i.e., those provided without a security operations center (SOC).

This quadrant examines service providers that do not have an exclusive focus on their respective proprietary products and can implement and integrate other vendor products or solutions.

Eligibility Criteria

- 1. Demonstrate experience in implementing cybersecurity solutions for companies in the respective country
- 2. Authorized by security technology vendors (hardware and software) to distribute and support security solutions
- 3. Providers should employ certified experts (certifications may be vendor-sponsored, association- and organization-led credentials or from government agencies) capable of supporting security technologies



Observations

Clearly, the overall security posture for U.S. government agencies has changed in recent years. As is constantly highlighted throughout the report, the threats are getting larger, the consequences deeper, and the ability of enterprises or government agencies to manage them has reduced further. As a result, a government or higher education institute at every level is only as strong as the weakest link. Unfortunately, the distributed nature of the U.S. public sector indicates that there are many weakest links. These factors drive the demand for TSS. Budgets are tight, and skills are hard to find; hence, the evolution of TSS and security services in general to being more focused on automation with an alignment to risk and compliance is critical.

The alignment of automation and risk is also apparent in the providers included in the leadership for this grid. While the traditional SIs are largely present, the Big 4 audit firms also contribute to the market due to their security push and alignment with GRC.

Security solutions are overwhelming; it is one of the few technology or business markets with high fragmentation. This market has in-built integration challenges and overall skill access issues regardless of the service model deployed. As a result, it is important for the key providers to assure U.S. public sector agencies that skills will be available and their specific requirements can be met.

From the 261 companies assessed for this study, 23 have qualified for this quadrant with nine being Leaders and one Rising Star.

accenture

Accenture has strong relationships with the U.S. public sector entities and scale to ensure that clients have access to the latest technical security requirements and offers end-to-end solutions that meet the various needs of U.S. public sector clients.

Capgemini

Capgemini is a global provider with offices in various locations in the U.S. It leverages its global capabilities to offer cutting-edge solutions to U.S. public sector clients.

Deloitte.

Deloitte offers a range of security solutions to its U.S. public sector clients, driven by a broad GRC agenda with a focus on automation.



Eviden (Atos) offers security services, along with a range of product solutions. It has a strong technical and domain expertise.

ΕY

EY has a long heritage in providing security solutions as part of its broader engagement with clients from audit to risk. This integrated approach is an important attribute for key clients.

IBM.

IBM is the one provider that can offer a comprehensive range of services and software solutions for clients. It has a long history of providing services to U.S. public sector organizations.

Infosys°

Infosys has made substantial investments in recent years to develop security solutions and strengthen its presence in the U.S. public sector. Hence, TSS is a sweet spot for the company in the market, and it is growing significantly in terms of visibility and capabilities.

Uunisys

Unisys is a long-term provider of TSS for U.S. public sector clients. It has been able to maintain a strong presence in the market by consistently delivering services that meet clients' goals and business objectives.



verizon^v

Verizon Business's TSS solutions can be useful when network-related requirements exist. This capability of the company, coupled with its strong history of providing thought leadership in the market, makes it a preferred service partner for U.S. public sector organizations.



Wipro (Rising Star) drives success for clients by consistently delivering technical solutions to clients and integrating security with other infrastructure requirements.





"Unisys has made a long-term commitment to providing a comprehensive range of TSS solutions for the U.S. public sector clients."

Phil Hassey

Unisys

Overview

Unisys is headquartered in Pennsylvania, U.S. and operates in 28 countries. It has more than 16,200 employees across 71 global offices. In FY22 the company generated \$2.0 billion in revenue, with Enterprise Computing Solutions as its largest segment. The public sector is one of the critical industry focus areas for Unisys globally. In the U.S., it has a long history of offering hardware, software and services in security and other technology domains.

Strengths

A history of providing services to the public sector: Unisys has established a strong presence in the U.S. public sector for longer than almost any other provider, large or small. Hence, it has a deep skill set in the sector, along with fundamental relationships across a myriad of agencies at the state, federal and local government levels. Key government agencies include administration, defense, justice and transportation.

Solutions to solve agency cybersecurity issues: Unisys has a range of key capabilities

to ensure clients have the best possible ecosystem to avoid security failures.

These include Secure Access Solution; micro-segmentation to control user access to applications and data, with access granted only when needed and only for the duration

required; dynamic isolation to isolate compromised assets in a single click without the need to decommission and restart the assets after an intrusion; and Cyber Recovery Solution that combines Zero Trust security, automation and managed services with a dedicated recovery vault to speed up restoral and lower risk, boosting resilience and protection in the event of a cyberattack. These solutions are mainly designed to avoid failure or, in the case of failure, manage it proactively.

Caution

Unisys had fallen under the radar in recent years, as it was struggling for growth. It needs to be more consistent in communicating its capabilities and ensure that it offers cutting-edge capabilities to its clients.

Appendix

Methodology & Team

The ISG Provider Lens™ 2023 – Cybersecurity – Solutions and Services report analyzes the relevant software vendors/service providers in the global market, based on a multi-phased research and analysis process, and positions these providers based on the ISG Research™ methodology.

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The research and analysis presented in this report includes research from the ISG Provider Lens™ program, ongoing ISG Research™ programs, interviews with ISG advisors, briefings with services providers and analysis of publicly available market information from multiple sources. The data collected for this report represents information that ISG believes to be current as of April 2023, for providers who actively participated as well as for providers who did not. ISG recognizes that many mergers and acquisitions have taken place since that time, but those changes are not reflected in this report.

All revenue references are in U.S. dollars (\$US) unless noted

The study was divided into the following steps:

- 1. Definition of Cybersecurity Solutions and Services market
- 2. Use of questionnaire-based surveys of service providers/vendor across all trend topics
- 3. Interactive discussions with service providers/vendors on capabilities & use cases
- 4. Leverage ISG's internal databases & advisor knowledge & experience (wherever applicable)
- 5. Use of Star of Excellence CX-Data

- Detailed analysis & evaluation of services & service documentation based on the facts & figures received from providers & other sources.
- 7. Use of the following key evaluation criteria:
 - * Strategy & vision
 - * Tech Innovation
 - * Brand awareness and presence in the market
 - * Sales and partner landscape
 - * Breadth and depth of portfolio of services offered
 - * CX and Recommendation



Author & Editor Biographies



Author

Phil Hassey Strategic Advisory Analyst

Phil has an enviable reputation for understanding, assessing and communicating insight into the increasingly diverse and complex technology sector as it attempts to tightly integrate to business requirements. He is constantly "tilting the world view" with unique but grounded perspectives for clients.

He has worked for some of the largest, and smallest enterprises in the world to help them understand the role of the intersection of technology and business.

At the same time, he has also worked with technology and business providers to help ensure they place the customer requirements at the centre of their business.

He has undertaken research and strategy projects on every continent, and for every possible application of technology and business



Author

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Gowtham Sampath is a Senior Manager with ISG Research, responsible for authoring ISG Provider Lens™ quadrant reports for Banking Technology/Platforms, Digital Banking Services, Cybersecurity and Analytics Solutions & Services market. With 15 years of market research experience, Gowtham works on analyzing and bridging the gap between data analytics providers and businesses, addressing market opportunities and best practices. In his role, he also works with advisors in addressing enterprise clients' requests for ad-hoc research requirements within the IT services sector, across industries.

He is also authoring thought leadership research, whitepapers, articles on emerging technologies within the banking sector in the areas of automation, DX and UX experience as well as the impact of data analytics across different industry verticals.

Author & Editor Biographies



Co-Author

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Distinguished Analyst and Executive Advisor

Bruce Guptill brings more than 30 years of technology business and markets experience and expertise to ISG clients. Bruce has helped develop and lead ISG's enterprise research development and delivery, global ISG Research operations, and Research client support. His primary research and analysis for ISG clients has focused on IT services market development, disruption, adaptation and change. He currently leads U.S. Public Sector research for ISG's Provider Lens global research studies, and also leads IPL studies in procurement and software vendor partner ecosystems.

Bruce holds a Masters' degree in Marketing and Finance, and a B.A. combining business and mass media communication psychology. He also holds certifications in a wide range of software, hardware, and networking technologies, as well as in mechanical and electrical engineering disciplines.



Research Analyst

Bhuvaneshwari Mohan Senior Research Analyst

Bhuvaneshwari is a senior research analyst at ISG responsible for supporting and co-authoring Provider LensTM studies on Banking, Cybersecurity, Supply Chain, ESG and Digital Transformation. She supports the lead analysts in the research process, authors the global summary report and develops content from an enterprise perspective.

Her core areas of expertise lie in Cybersecurity, Cloud & Data transformation, AI/ML, Blockchain, IoT, Intelligent Automation and Experience Engineering. She has 7 years of hands-on experience and has delivered insightful reports across verticals. She is a versatile research professional having experience in Competitive Analysis, Social Media Analytics, Glassdoor Analysis and Talent Intelligence. Prior to ISG, she held research positions with IT & Digital Service Providers and was predominantly part of Sales Enablement teams.

Author & Editor Biographies



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Mr. Aase brings extensive experience in the implementation and research of service integration and management of both IT and business processes. With over 35 years of experience, he is highly skilled at analyzing vendor governance trends and methodologies, identifying inefficiencies in current processes, and advising the industry. Jan Erik has experience on all four sides of the sourcing and vendor governance lifecycle - as a client, an industry analyst, a service provider and an advisor.

Now as a research director, principal analyst and global head of ISG Provider Lens™, he is very well positioned to assess and report on the state of the industry and make recommendations for both enterprises and service provider clients.

About Our Company & Research

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